

CONE

A cone is a particular shape formed by using a set of line segments or particular lines that can connect a common point called a vertex or Apex point to all the points of a circular base. The distance from the cone's vertex to its base is known as the height of the cone. A cone can be expressed as a three-dimensional shape by nature.

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Q1: What is the formula to find the slant height ' ℓ ' of a cone?

- A: $\ell = \sqrt{r^2 + h}$
 - B: $\ell = \sqrt{r^2 - h}$
 - C: $\ell = \sqrt{r^2 + h^2}$
 - D: $\ell = \sqrt{r - h}$
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Q2: What is the ratio of the volume of a cone to the volume of a cylinder with the same base and height?

- A: 1:1
 - B: 1:2
 - C: 1:3
 - D: 1:4
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Q3: What is the formula for calculating the lateral surface area of a cone?

- A: $A = \pi r^2$
 - B: $A = \pi r$
 - C: $A = \pi r \ell$
 - D: $A = 2\pi r h$
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Q4: What is the Formula for the Total Surface Area of a Cone?

- A: $TSA = \pi r (r + l)$
 - B: $TSA = \pi r (r + l)^2$
 - C: $TSA = \pi r (r + r)$
 - D: $TSA = \pi r (r + l)^3$
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Q5: What is the Formula for the Volume of a Cone?

- A: $V = (\frac{1}{3})\pi$
 - B: $V = (\frac{1}{3})\pi r^2 h$
 - C: $V = (\frac{1}{3})\pi r^2$
 - D: $V = (\frac{1}{3})\pi r$
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Q6: Calculate the Volume of a Cone with a Radius of 3 cm and Height of 7 cm

- A: 66 cm
 - B: 66 cm²
 - C: 66 cm³
 - D: 66 cm⁴
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Q7: Calculate the Surface Area of a Cone with a Radius of 7 cm and a Slant Height of 3 cm

- A: 250 cm
 - B: 250 cm²
 - C: 220 cm
 - D: 220 cm²
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Q8: How to Calculate Volume of Cone when Height and Diameter Given?

- A: $V = (1/12)\pi d^2 h$
 - B: $V = (1/12)d^2 h$
 - C: $V = (1/12)\pi d^2$
 - D: $V = (1/12)\pi d$
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Q9: Calculate the Volume of a Cone with a diameter of 7 cm and Height of 12 cm

- A: 154 cm
 - B: 154 cm³
 - C: 154 cm²
 - D: None of these
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Q10: Calculate the Lateral Surface Area of a Cone with a Radius of 10 cm and a Slant Height of 5 cm

- A: 157 cm
 - B: 157 cm³
 - C: 157 cm⁴
 - D: 157 cm²
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Answers

Q1: C - $\ell = \sqrt{(r^2 + h^2)}$

Q2: C - 1:3

Q3: C - $A = \pi r \ell$

Q4: A - $TSA = \pi r (r + l)$

Q5: B - $V = (\frac{1}{3})\pi r^2 h$

Q6: C - 66 cm^3

Q7: D - 220 cm^2

Q8: A - $V = (1/12)\pi d^2 h$

Q9: B - 154 cm^3

Q10: D - 157 cm^2