

ADDITION

Addition combines two or more entities in a mathematical operation to calculate the total sum. Represented by the symbol '+', it plays an important role in not just varied mathematical operations but also in a range of real-world applications. The Addition is very important to build a robust mathematical foundation which helps form a strong basis for more advanced mathematical operations like multiplication, division, algebra, etc.

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Q1: Which symbol is used to represent addition?

- A: \times
 - B: \div
 - C: $+$
 - D: $-$
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Q2: What is the sum of 12 and 7?

- A: 17
 - B: 19
 - C: 20
 - D: 21
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Q3: What is the sum of all the positive integers from 1 to 10?

- A: 45
 - B: 50
 - C: 55
 - D: 60
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Q4: What property holds for an addition?

- A: Comprehensive property
 - B: Commutative property
 - C: Both comprehensive and commutative property
 - D: None of the above
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Q5: Which property states that more than three numbers can be grouped in any order for addition?

- A: Distributive property
 - B: Closure property
 - C: Associative property
 - D: Commutative property
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Q6: What is not true for addition?

- A: It is dependent on the order of numbers
 - B: It can combine fractions and decimals
 - C: It can combine constants and variables
 - D: It helps us find the final sum of numbers
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Q7: Which one is not a strategy for addition?

- A: Roundabout
 - B: Round off
 - C: Mental math
 - D: Regrouping
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Q8: What can addition not combine?

- A: Decimals
 - B: Fractions
 - C: Real numbers
 - D: None of the above
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Q9: Regrouping is also known as:

- A: Rearranging
 - B: Carrying
 - C: Grouping
 - D: Group up
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Q10: Carrying over is followed if the sum of one place value exceeds:

- A: 5
 - B: 4
 - C: 9
 - D: 8
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Answers

Q1: C - +

Q2: B - 19

Q3: C - 55

Q4: B - Commutative property

Q5: C - Associative property

Q6: A - It is dependent on the order of numbers

Q7: A - Roundabout

Q8: D - None of the above

Q9: B - Carrying

Q10: C - 9